MALAYSIAN GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) -**ENDOSCOPY NOTIFICATION** Centre: Instruction: Where check boxes are provided, check ($\sqrt{}$) one or more boxes. Where radio buttons \bigcirc are provided, check ($\sqrt{}$) one box only A. Reporting Centre: **SECTION I: PATIENT PARTICULARS** 1. Patient Name: 2. Patient RN: 3. NRIC: MvKad / MvKid: Old IC Specify document type (e.g.passport, Other ID document No: armed force ID): 5. Date of Birth : (dd/mm/yyyy) 4. Gender: Female Male 6. Ethnic group: Malay Orang Asli Murut Iban Chinese Kadazan Bajau Other Malaysian, specify: Indian Melanau Bidavuh Foreigner, specify country of origin: 7. Contact 1) Homephone: 2) Mobile: 3) Office: number: SECTION II: PROCEDURES 1. Date of procedure (dd/mm/yyyy): 2. Age: Auto calc 3. Source : Internal i. Hospital Name: External ii.Hospital Government Hospital with specialist Government Health Clinic Private Clinic Type: Government Hospital without specialist Private Hospital Not Available 4. Procedures and Indication: * OGDS Dyspepsia - Upper abdominal symptoms that persist despite an appropriate trial of therapy Upper abdominal symptoms associated with other symptoms or signs suggesting serious organic disease or in patients > 45 years old GERD symptoms Evaluation / treatment portal hypertension Persistent vomiting of unknown cause Confirmation of radiologically Dysphagia/Odynophagia Evaluation of caustic injury demonstrated lesions Gastrointestinal bleeding Other therapeutic procedures: Surveillance sampling of tissue Active/ Recent bleeding Placement of feeding tubes, specify or fluid is indicated Occult indication: Barrett's oesophagus Reevaluation of previously Dilatation of stenotic lesions Familial adenomatous Bleeding lesion Management of achalasia polyposis syndromes Palliative treatment of stenosing Reevaluation peptic ulcer Other polyposis syndrome neoplasms disease Investigation of chronic diarrhea Investigation of Iron-Removal of foreign bodies deficiency anaemia Removal of selected polypoid lesions Suspected upper GI malignancy Others, specify: Unexplained iron deficiency anaemia ■ Colonoscopy → Inflammatory bowel disease Evaluation of unexplained Gastrointestinal bleeding Chronic abdominal pain Haematochezia (per rectal bleed) Abnormal imaging study Melena after an upper GI source has been excluded Evaluation of gastrointestinal infection Presence of fecal occult blood ■ TB Alteration in bowel habits Others, specify: Chronic diarrhoea Therapeutic Screening for colonic neoplasia Treatment for bleeding Intraoperative Average risk group Hereditary non-polyposis identification of lesion Removal of foreign body colorectal cancer High risk group Excision of colonic polyp Dilatation Sporadic colorectal cancer Decompression/ Palliative treatment iFOBT positive megacolon/volvulus Stenting Surveillance for colonic neoplasia Others, specify: Polyps

Previous colorectal cancer

Inflammatory bowel Others, specify:

disease

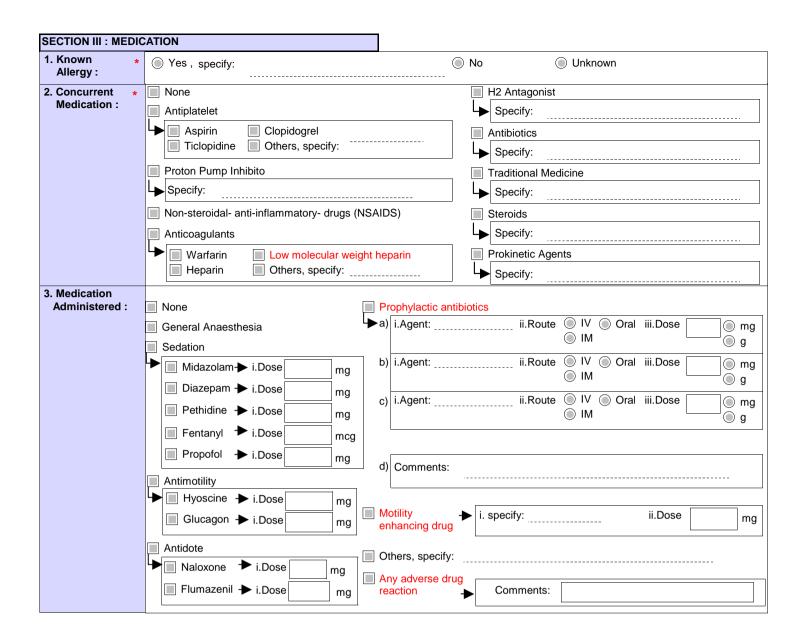
Marking a neoplasm for localization

Suspected lower GI malignancy

Others, specify:

SECTION II : PROCE	DURES (continue)
4. Procedures and I	ndication: continue
	Diagnostic Staging of tumour Lung Coeliac plexus block Pseudocyst drainage Biliary drainage, specify: Stomach Small bowel Bile ducts Evaluating abnormalities of GIT wall / adjacent structures Assessment of obstructive jaundice Evaluation of abnormalities of the pancreas Cystic lesion Pseudocyst Others, specify: Radio frequency ablatio
	☐ Tissue acquisition i.Comment: ☐ Acute pancreatitis ☐ Others, specify:
■ ERCP →	Acute pancreatitis Chronic pancreatitis Removal/ change of Stents Pseudocyst drainage Ascending cholangitis Dilated biliary system Bile duct injury Others, specify: Bile duct stone Obstructive jaundice Ampullectomy
■ Enteroscopy* →	 ■ Diagnostic ■ GI bleeding ■ Occult digestive bleeding ○ Overt bleeding with obscured source
	Evaluation of imaging abnormality a) Mode of Imaging CT scan Capsule endoscopy MRI Others b) Indication Ulcer(s) Vascular lesion(s) Stricture(s) Abnormal Thickening Polyp(s) Mass lesion(s) Suspected Suspected Crohn's Disease Foreign body ingestion Others
	Therapeutic Endoscopic hemostatic therapies Endoscopic dilation for stricture Endoscopic polypectomy Endoscopic mucosectomy Placement of enteral feeding catherers Biliary route access after Roux-en-Y-jejunostomy jejunostomy Insertion of self-expanding metallic stents(SEMS) for obstruction

SECTION II : PRO	OCEDURES (continue)
4. Procedures an	nd Indication: continue
Capsule Endoscopy	Overt gastrointestinal bleeding with obscured source Suspected intestinal tuberculosis Suspected NSAID enteroscopy Suspected Bechet's Disease Unexplained abdominal pain Occult gastrointestinal bleeding/anaemia Suspected Protein-losing enteropathy Suspected Ilymphoma Suspected Suspected Coeliac Disease Disease Polyposis syndrome Unexplained diarrhea Unexplained diarrhea Unexplained
24H pH Stud	dy
Manometry	Esophageal manometry Anorectal manometry
Other proced	dures, specify:
5. Underlying * Illness :	None COAD Prosthetic cardiac valve Hepatitis B Diabetes mellitus Dengue Malignancy, specify: Covid, specify: HIV Valvular heart disease Bronchial asthma Schaemic heart disease Chronic kidney disease
6. Previous * Surgery:	None Unsure Stomach/ Duodenum
	Gastrostomy Under-running of bleeders Gastrojejunostomy Total gastrectomy & gastrojejunostomy Partial gastrectomy & gastrojejunostomy Partial gastrectomy & gastroduodenostomy Gastroctomy of therwise specified Colorectal Simple closure of PG Others, specify: Total gastrectomy & oesophagojejunostomy Palliative gastrectomy & gastrojejunostomy Gastrectomy not otherwise specified
	Loop colostomy Hartmann's procedure Sigmoid hemicolectomy Limited right hemicolectomy Right hemicolectomy Proctocolectomy with ileal pouch Transverse colecto Extended right hemicolectomy PSARP Duhamel's procedure Anterior resection Abdominoperineal resection Others, specify:
	Anal / Perianal
	Anal Stricture Haemorrhoids Others, specify:
	Liver
	 ▶ ☐ Drainage of abscess ☐ Liver transplant ☐ Shunt surgery ☐ Others, specify:
	Gallbladder / Bile Duct/ Pancreas Cholecystectomy Subtotal cholecystectomy Cholecyctostomy Hepaticojejunostomy Bile duct exploration Excision of choledochal Cyst & Others, specify:
	Oesophagus
	Antireflux procedure Others, specify: Oesophagectomy
	Appendix Appendicectomy Others, specify: Gynaecological
	■ Total abdominal hysterectomy (TAH) ■ TAH & bilateral salphingo-oopherectomy ■ Others, specify: ■ Other surgeries, specify:



MALAYSI	Αľ	N GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) - OGDS Office use: /
Instruction: Where provided, check $()$		ck boxes □ are provided, check (√) one or more boxes. Where radio buttons ⊚ are box only.
* i) Name of Endoscop	ist :	ii) Name of Supervisor :
* iii) Department :		Medical Surgery Others, specify
* iv) Time of procedure	e (hh	n:mm) i.Start time: iii.Stop time: iii.Stop time: iii.Duration : Autocalc.
* v) Urgency		
SECTION I : FINDI	NG	S
		A) OESOPHAGUS
1. Location of Z-line:		cm 2. General Appearance: Normal If Normal, kindly complete Section B Stomach If Abnormal, kindly complete item no.3, 4, 5, 6
3. Type of Lesions :	—	Oesophagitis i. Type: *
		Peptic / Reflux
		Los Angeles Classification Grade A One or more mucosal breaks, no Grade C One or more mucosal breaks, that are
		longer than 5 mm that do not continuous between tops of two or more mucosal folds but which involves
		mucosal folds less than 75% of the circumference
		Grade B One or more mucosal breaks, Grade D One or more mucosal breaks, that
		more than 5mm that do not involve at least 75% of the extend between tops of two
		mucosal folds
		Candidiasis Viral Chemical Induced Post-Radiation Others, specify Unknown
		ii.Comment:
		On and a small library
		Oesophageal Ulcer i. Type : ★
		Peptic Post-Sclerotherapy Post-Banding Malignant Others, specify: Unknown
		ii.Number:★ iii.Size:★ (the largest ulcer size) iv.Distance from incisor: v.Description: ★
		○ <1 cm ○ 1-2 cm cm
		☐ Unknown
		Oesophageal Varices
	•	i.Number: *
		ii.Size: *
		Classification of the Japanese Research Society for Portal Hypertension Nome Normal oesophagus F 2 Medium varices occupying less than
		one third of the lumen
		F 1 Small, straight varices not F 3 Large varices occupying more than one third of the lumen
		iii.Stigmata of recent bleeding:
		Active Bleeding Cherry Red Spot Red Wale Marking
		Cherry red spots are signs of imminent
		hemorrhage
		Adherent Clot Haematocystic Spot No Stigma
		Adherent Clot Haematocystic Spot No Stigma
		Unknown
		iv.Comment:

Office use: MALAYSIAN GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) - OGDS Centre: Instruction: Where check boxes \square are provided, check ($\sqrt{}$) one or more boxes. Where radio buttons \bigcirc are provided, check (1) one box only. SECTION I: FINDINGS (continue) A) OESOPHAGUS (continue) 3. Type of **Oesophageal Stricture** Lesions: ii.Distance from Incisor: * iii. Able to pass scope? i.Length: cm cm Yes Length of lesion cm Unknown Unknown No iv.Comment: Oesophageal Tumour i.Appearance: * ii.Distance from Incisor: * Flat Polypoidal Ulcer Unknown cm Exophytic Stricture Unknown iii. Able to pass scope? Yes Length of lesion cm No iv.Description: 4. Barrett's M i.Length of segment cm ii. Prague Classification С Oesophagus: 5. Congenital/ Cyst Diverticula Web (Paterson-Kelly) **Anatomical** Anomaly: Ring (Schatzki) Hiatus Hernia Others, specify: 6. Other Findings: Mallory Weiss Tear Foreign Body Achalasia Others, specify:

MALAYS	IAI	N GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) - OGDS Office use:	Ī
provided, check ($$) one	·]
SECTION I : FIND	ING		
Comerci		B) STOMACH	
I. General * Appearance : 2. Type of	<u> </u>	Normal → If Normal, kindly complete Section C Pylorus	
* Lesions :	\	i. Site: * Antrum Corpus Pangastritis ii. Severity: * Mild Moderate Severe	
	·	iii. Type: *	
		Sydney Classification	
		Erythematous Gastritis This form of gastritis is characterized by a speckled, sometimes confluent rubeosis affecting various parts of the gastric mucosa. Atrophic gastritis The mucosa shows signs of inflammation, at the same time the mucosal layer is thinner and appears to be more transparent.	
		Exudate Gastritis Haemorrhagic gastritis	
		In this form of gastric inflammation the mucosal defects are covered with mucus and fibrin. Subepithelial hemorrhages have the appearance of discrete petechiae and erosions can be sparse or not demonstrable	
		Superficially Erosive Gastritis Bile gastritis	
		Hallmark of erosive gastritis are mucosal lesions, which do not penetrate the muscular layer of the mucosa. The erosions present as lacerations, sometimes covered with hematin. Gastritis secondary to reflux of bile acids. In this form of gastritis a reflux of bile through the pylorus is evident and causes inflammatory changes of the gastric mucosa.	
		Polypoid gastritis with erosions Giant folds gastritis	
		Like in polypoid gastritis there are areas of polypoid, but also erosive changes of the gastric mucosa. Like in polypoid gastritis there are accumulation of the stomach due to the accumulation of inflammatory cells in the mucosa of the stomach resulting in abnormally large, coiled ridges or folds that resemble polyps in the inner wall of the stomach.	
		iv.General Comment:	
		W.Schola Comment.	
		Gastric Ulcer	_
	\	i. Site:	
	ŕ	☐ Fundal ☐ Corpus → ☐ Lesser Curve ☐ Anterior ☐ Greater Curve ☐ Posterior ☐ Corpus → ☐ Lesser Curve ☐ Anterior ☐ Unknown ☐ Unknown	
		ii. Number : * iii. Size : * iv.Appearance : *	
		○ <1 cm ○ 1-2 cm ○ 2-5 cm ○ >5 cm ○ Benign ○ Uncertain ○ Malignant	
		v.Stigmata of Recent Bleeding / Hemorrhage: * :	
		Forrest Classification	
		Stigmata of recent hemorrhage	
		☐ I a Arterial, spurting hemorrhage ☐ II a Visible vessel ☐ II c Hematin- covered lesion	
		vi.Comment:	Ĺ
		vi.Comment:	

	SIAN GASTRO-IN			, ,
	ere check boxes. are provid (√) one box only.	led, check ($$) one or more boxes. Wh	nere radio buttons (are	ntre:
	NDINGS (continue)			
		B) STOMACH (cor	itinue)	
. Type of	Gastric Varices			
Lesions : (continue)	i. Type : *			
(Sarin Classification			
	None GOV-1	No varices Varices that are a continuation of		Located in the fundus of the stomach
	5	oesophageal varices and extend for 2 below OGJ along the lesser curve cur	-5 cm	and fall short of the cardia by a few cn
	n_	/		/
	⊚ GOV-2	Varices extend below the OGJ toward fundus of the stomach	s the GIGV-2	Isolated ectopic varices
	5) randad or the dismastr	5)
	(n -	/	(7.)	8
	ii.Stigmata of recent b	bleeding: *		-
	Active Bleeding	Cherry Red Spot		Red Wale Marking
				The same of the sa
		Cherr	y red spots are signs of	
			ent bleeding	
	Adherent Clot	Haematocystic Spot		No Stigma
			and the same of th	
		1000 march		
				Unknown
	iii.Comment:			
	Portal Hypertensive	Gastropathy		
		g System for Severity *		0.75
	○ Mild	(Mosaic-Like pattern of mild degree (without redness of areola))	O Severe	(Mosaic pattern is superimposed by any red signs)
	100			by any roa signsy
	ii.Comment:			
	Gastric Polyps			
	i. Site : *			ii. Size : *
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu	ıs 🔲 Antru	m _	Pyloric <pre> <1 cm </pre> 2 - 5 cm
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal	Lesser Curve Anterior	esser Curve Anterior	
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal	esser Curve Anterior L		Pyloric <pre>O <1 cm</pre> <pre>2 - 5 cm</pre>
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal Unknown	Lesser Curve Anterior	esser Curve Anterior	Pyloric <pre> <1 cm </pre> <2 - 5 cm
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal L	Lesser Curve Anterior	esser Curve Anterior	Pyloric <pre>O <1 cm</pre> <pre>2 - 5 cm</pre>
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal Unknown	Lesser Curve Anterior	esser Curve Anterior	Pyloric <pre>O <1 cm</pre> <pre>2 - 5 cm</pre>
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal Unknown iii.Comment: Gastric Tumour	Lesser Curve Anterior	esser Curve Anterior	Pyloric <pre>O <1 cm</pre> <pre>2 - 5 cm</pre>
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal Unknown iii.Comment: Gastric Tumour i. Site : *	Lesser Curve Anterior L Greater Curve Posterior G	esser Curve Anterior Greater Curve Posterior	Pyloric
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal Unknown iii.Comment: Gastric Tumour i. Site : * Cardia	esser Curve Anterior L Greater Curve Posterior Corpus	esser Curve Anterior Posterior Posterior Antrum	Pyloric
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal Unknown iii.Comment: Gastric Tumour i. Site : *	Lesser Curve Anterior Corpus Lesser Curve Anterior Anterior Anterior	esser Curve Anterior Posterior Antrum Lesser Curve	Pyloric <a> <1 cm <a> 2 - 5 cm <a> 1-2 cm <a> > 5 cm <a> Pyloric <a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal Unknown iii.Comment: Gastric Tumour i. Site : * Cardia Fundal	esser Curve Anterior L Greater Curve Posterior Corpus	Antrum Lesser Curve Greater Curve Greater Curve Greater Curve	Pyloric < 1 cm 2 - 5 cm 1-2 cm > 5 cm Pyloric Pyloric Stomal Unknown
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal Unknown iii.Comment: Gastric Tumour i. Site : * Cardia Fundal ii. Appearance *	Lesser Curve Anterior Posterior Corpus Lesser Curve Anterior Greater Curve Posterior Corpus Corpus Posterior Posterior	Antrum Lesser Curve Greater Curve Greater Curve Greater Curve Greater Curve	Pyloric <1 cm 2 - 5 cm 1-2 cm > 5 cm Pyloric Posterior Unknown
	i. Site: * Cardia Corpu Fundal Unknown iii.Comment: Gastric Tumour i. Site: * Cardia Fundal ii. Appearance * Malignant	Corpus Lesser Curve Anterior Greater Curve Posterior Corpus Corpus Permalignant	Antrum Lesser Curve Greater Curve Greater Curve Greater Curve	Pyloric
	i. Site : * Cardia Corpu Fundal Unknown iii.Comment: Gastric Tumour i. Site : * Cardia Fundal ii. Appearance *	Lesser Curve Anterior Posterior Corpus Lesser Curve Anterior Greater Curve Posterior Corpus Corpus Posterior Posterior	Antrum Lesser Curve Greater Curve Greater Curve Greater Curve Greater Curve	Pyloric <1 cm 2 - 5 cm 1-2 cm > 5 cm Pyloric Anterior Posterior Unknown II. Size *

MALAYS	'SIAN GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) - O	GDS Office use:
Instruction: Where provided, check ($$)	ere check boxes are provided, check ($$) one or more boxes. Where radio butt ($$) one box only.	ons on are Centre:
SECTION I : FIND	NDINGS (continue)	•
	B) STOMACH (continue)	
3. Type of		
* Lesions :	Post Surgical Resection :	
(continue)	i.Anastomosis : * ii.Comment:	
	Normal Abnormal	
	Other finding :	
	Mallory Weiss Angiodysplasia	Dieulafoy's Lesion
	ALC: 1	
	Gastric Antral Vascular Ectasia Gastrojejunostomy Lumen	
	Unknown Other, specify:	
	C) PYLORUS	
1. General * Appearance :	 Normal → If Normal, kindly complete Section D Abnormal → Deformed ○ S 	Stenosed Others, specify:
	D) DUODENUM	
1. General * Appearance :	Normal > If Normal kindly complete Section II Procedure Performed A	bnormal
2. Type of	Duodenal Ulcer	
* Lesions :	i. Site :*	iii. Appearance : *
	\square	
	☐ Unknown ☐ 1-2 cm ☐ > 5 cm	
	vi.Stigmata of recent hemorrhage: * :	
	Forrest Classification	
	I a Arterial, spurting hemorrhage II a Visible vessel	Il c Hematin- covered lesion
	○ I b Oozing hemorrhage ○ II b Adherent clot	III Clean base ulcer
	■ Erosion ■ Duodenitis ■ Polyp	■ Varix ■ Diverticulum
	Others, specify:	Unknown
	Comment:	

MALAYS	SIA	N (GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) - OGDS Office us	se: /
Instruction: Where provided, check (V			boxes \blacksquare are provided, check ($$) one or more boxes. Where radio buttons \bigcirc are \Box centre: x only.	
SECTION II : PRO	OCE	DUR	RES PERFORMED	
* Was an additio	nal p	oroc	edure performed? Yes No → Kindly complete Section III Complications	
1. Procedures :		Diag	gnostic Procedure	
*	▶		Biopsy	
			i. Site: *	
			Oesophagus Cardia Fundus Corpus Antrum Pylorus Duodenum	Stoma Unknown
			ii. Purpose :	
			Histology	
			iii.Comment:	
		The	erapeutic Procedure	
			Injection	
			i. Agent : *	ii.Comment:
			0.01% Adrenaline Histoacryl Glue Others, specify Unknown	
			Thermal therapy	
		4	i.Comment:	
			Haemoclip	
		L	i. Type : ii. Nu	umber of clip :
			iii.Comment:	
			Argon Plasma Coagulation	
		4	i.Comment:	
]		
			Banding i. Lesion : *	ii. Number of bands :∗
			Oesophageal Gastric Fundal Duodenal Unknow	
			Varices Varices Varices iii.Comment:	
			iii.Comment.	
			Stenting	
			i. Site :* Upper Oesophagus Mid Oesophagus	Lower Oesophagus
			Pylorus Duodenum	Unknown
			ii. Type :	
				Inner: mm
			iii. Comment:	
			Dilatation	
			i. Site : ★ ii. Type of Dilator ★	
				hers, specify
			Duodenum Unknown Balloon Dilator (mm) iii. Maximum size of dilator (mm) iv.Comment:	
			III. IVIAAIITIUITI SIZE OI UIIALOI (IIIIII) . IV.COITIITIEIIL.	
			Polypectomy	
		-	i.Comment:	

	GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) - OGDS S boxes are provided, check (√) one or more boxes. Where radio buttons ⊚ are Centre:
	JRES PERFORMED (continue)
1. Procedures : * (continue)	continue from Therapeutic Procedure Laser Therapy i.Comment: Percutaneous Endoscopic Gastrostomy (PEG): i.Comment: Percutaneous Endoscopic Jejunostomy (PEJ): i.Comment: Endoscopic Mucosal Resection (EMR) Endoscopic Submucosal Dissection (ESD) Haemostatic Powder Other Procedures, specify: Unknown
SECTION III : IMMEDIA	TE COMPLICATIONS
1. Were there * any complications?	
	Bleeding Perforation Death Others, specify: Unknown
2. Comment:	
SECTION IV : DIAGNOS	SIS
1. Diagnosis :	i. Endoscopic Diagnosis :
	ii. Management Plan :

MALAYS	SIAN GASTF	RO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) - ERCP Office use: /
Instruction: Where provided, check ($$)		re provided, check (√) one or more boxes. Where radio buttons are Centre:
* i) Name of Endosco	pist :	ii) Name of Supervisor :
* iii) Department :		ledical Surgery Others, specify
* iv) Time of procedu	re (hh:mm) i.Start	t time: : ii.Stop time: : iii.Duration : Autocalc.
* v) Urgency	⊚ Elec	ctive Emergency * ivi) Timing Office hours Out of office hours
SECTION I : FIND	INGS - ERCP	
4 Danilla		A) BILIARY
1. Papilla :	■ Major →	Normal Oedematous Tumour Others, specify : Previous Sphincterotomy Bulging Periampullary Diverticulum
	■ Minor → ■ Unknown	Normal Oedematous Tumour Others, specify : Previous Sphincterotomy Bulging Periampullary Diverticulum
2. Bile Duct *Cannulation / Opacification :		→ Kindly complete Section B Pancreas
3. Bile Duct :	■ Calibre →	Normal
	■ Stricture →	◯ Single → ◯ Distal ◯ Proximal
		Multiple Bismuth Classification *
		Type I Stricture found Type Below the Stricture occludes the common hepatic duct and left hepatic duct, respectively Stricture occludes the common hepatic duct and left hepatic duct, respectively
		Type II Stricture reaches Type the confluence of the left and right hepatic ducts. Stricture is multicentric or involves the confluence and both the right and left hepatic ducts.
		Type IIIa Stricture occludes the common hepatic duct and right hepatic duct, respectively.
	■ Bile Duct →	i. Number : ii. Site :
	Stone	Single Multiple Right Intrahepatic Duct Left Intrahepatic Duct Cystic Duct Unknown Intrahepatic Duct Unknown
	Mirizzi + Syndrome	Type I A stone impacted in the cystic duct obstructs the common hepatic duct by extrinsic compression Type II The stone erodes into the hepatic duct to create a cholecystocholedochal fistula (i.e. an abnormal opening between the gallbladder and the bile duct)
	■ Bile duct → Injury	Strasberg Classification Type A Bile leak from gall bladder bed or cystic duct stump Type B Injury to aberrant right duct with no bile leak Type C Injury to aberrant right duct with bile leak Type C Injury to aberrant right duct with bile leak Injury to aberrant right duct with bile leak Type E1 (not endoscopic diagnosis) Complete transection of hepatic duct. Stump > 2cm Type E5 (not endoscopic diagnosis) Type E5 (not endoscopic diagnosis) Stricture of hepatic duct with associated aberrant right duct with bile leak Unknown Unknown
	Comment:	

MALAYS	ΙA	N GASTRO-INTE	STINA	AL REC	GISTRY (MGIR	R) - ERCP	Office use:		/
Instruction: Where provided, check (√		eck boxes are provided,	, check (√)	one or m	ore boxes. W	here rad	dio buttons are	Centre:		
SECTION I : FINE		<u> </u>								
				A) E	BILIARY (con	tinue)				
4. Gallbladder : *		Opacified Norma	al 🔳 S	itone(s)	Polyp(s)		uspected Tumour	Specify:		
5. Other		Sclerosing Cholangitis								
Findings :	П.	i. Comment :								
		Choledochal Cyst								
	•	con 80- cys sac dila bile eith	ne I cysts are nmon and re 90% of chol ts. They cor cular or fusi tations of the duct, which her a segment or the enti	epresent ledochal nsist of iform ne common n involve nt of the		X	Type III choledochal cysts arise from the intraduodenal portion of the common bile duct and are described alternately by the term choledochocele.	⊚ lvb		Type IVB choledochal cysts are multiple dilatations involving only the extrahepatic bile ducts.
		cys isol pro of th to t	oe II choledo ts appear a lated divertic truding from the common e cyst may b the common a narrow sta	s an culum n the wall bile duct. pe joined bile duct	⊚ Iva	20	Type IVA cysts consist of multiple dilatations of the intrahepatic and extrahepatic bile dud	○ ∨ Ç	F	Type V (Caroli disease) - consists of multiple dilatations limited to the intrahepatic bile ducts.
		Biliary Worm Infestation	n							
		Others, specify:								
					B) PANCREA	S				
	Ca	nnulation/ Opacification	: *	● Yes →	Contrast	(Kindly p	proceed to number 2 a	nd 3)	No contras	l No
2. Pancreatic * Duct :		Normal Abnormal			•					
		Dilated Proxima Distal S Others, specify:	al Stricture Stricture	e M	ultiple Stricture		Stone/s Pancreas Divisur	_	ronic Pancre	atitis
3. Comment :	┞									
		DURES PERFORMED	a v		Vinelli -	40 O- : 11	n III Comertier d'			
	ıaı	procedure performed? (⊎ res ▼	■ NO →	► runaly comple	ie sectioi	n III Complications			
1. Procedures :		Diagnostic Procedure								
		Biopsy: →	i. Site : *		Introduct - I	Q41	a. an ao'f			Unima
		- Pour trium	■ Ampu		Intraductal	Utner	s, specity		<u>_</u>	Unknown
		■ Brushings: →	i. Comm	ent :						
		■ Bile aspiration: ▶	Cvtole	ogy 🔘 (C&S) AFB	AFB and	C&S		
	1		<u> </u>	- a,		, -	<i>□</i> D απα	.		

MALAYS	IA	N (SASTRO-INTES	TINA	L RE	GISTRY	(MGII	R) - E	RCP	Office us	se:	/
Instruction: Where provided, check $()$	che	ck b	oxes are provided, cl	heck (√) d						Centre:		
			ES PERFORMED (con	itinue)								
1. Procedures : (continue)		The	rapeutic Procedure									
* ` ′	▶		Sphincterotomy -	i. Type	*			ii.Comn	nent:			
				Pre	-Cut	Convei	ntional					
			Balloon →	i.Comn	nent:							
			sphincteroplasty									
			Stone Extraction									
		₩	i. Method :* Basket Mecha	ınical Lith	otrinev		Otho	ers, spec	ifv	ii.	Result :*	
						tripsy (EHL)						Complete
			iii.Comment:								Partial	
			III. COMMINGIA.									
			Stenting									
		└	i. Site :*		. Type :							
			Biliary Pancr	eatic) Plast	ic 🗕 🔘 Str	aight 🔘	Pigtail	Metal		Covered	Uncovered
			iii. Number : *									
			Single → Size (fr	·) U	nit	Length (cm)	Mul	tiple	Stent	Size	Unit	Length (cm)
				o fr	mm				Stent 1	Size	offic m	
									Stent 2		o fr o m	
											○ fr ○ m	
			iv.Comment:						Stent 3		0 0	111
			Naso-Biliary Drain									
		▶	i.Comment:									
			Naso-Pancreatic									
		₩	i.Comment:									
			Naso-cystic							Unkno	own	
		Ī	i.Comment:									
			Biliary Dilatation									
		┡	i. Method: *					Bougie		7		
			Balloon	mn	n (maxi	imum diamet	er	Dougic		fr (max	ximum diamet	er)
			Mother-Baby Scope									
		₩	i.Comment:									
			Ampullectomy P	seudo c	yst drai	nage	Oth	ners, spe	ecify:			
SECTION III : IMN	1ED	IATE	COMPLICATIONS									
1. Were there												
any complication	ons?	?	Bleeding	Perforati	on 🔲	Death	Oth	ers, spe	cify: Unk	nown		
2. Were there			○ Yes ○ No → K	indly com	olete Sec	tion IV Diagnos	sis					
any delayed			▼ Bleeding ■	Perforat				olangitis	Othe	ers, speci	ify: 🔳 Un	know
complications (to be filled			,	,								
retrospectivel	y)?											
3. Comment :												
SECTION IV : DIA 1. Diagnosis :	AGN	OSI	s i. Endoscopic Diagnos	sis ·								
*			ii Managament Diag									

-										
) Name of Endoscopist :	:				ii) Name of Supe	ervisor :				
i) Department :	Medical	Sur	gery	Others, sp	pecify					
) Time of procedure (hh	:mm): i.Start time:		:		ii.Stop time:			iii.Durat	tion :	Autocalc
. Urgency :	Elective	Eme	rgency		* vi). Timing:		Office h	nours	Out of office	hours
CTION I : FINDING	S									
Colonic Preparation :			0	PEG Se	odium Phosphate	○ Non	ie (Others		
Bowel Preparation :			i. Exce solid s	ellent(No minimal stool)	ii. Good (no solid stool w amount of cl requiring su	ith large ear fluid		collection of I debris that ed with	iv. Poor (solid semisolid deb cannot be effe cleared)	ris that
	Left Sided Color		D			À				
				0				<u> </u>		
	Transverse Cold							<u> </u>		
	BBPS	-								
Extent Of	Complete			Incomplete	<u> </u>					
Colonoscopy:	Terminal Ileum	Caed	nım	<u> </u>	ng Colon 🔘 I	Hepatic FI	exure	Trans	nsverse Color	<u> </u>
	O Terrima neam	- Odot	Jam	Splenic	_	Descendir		-	noid Colon	
				1 -	\sim		-			
				Rectum	Only (iii)	Surgical A	nastomosi	s		
				Rectum			nastomosi		on	
				_	O Poor O Bowe	Surgical A bowel pre Il Looping angle	paration	Intention Tumou	on ur obstruction	
General Appearance :	Normal →	If Normal,	, kindly co	i. Reason for Incomplete	Poor Bowe Tight	bowel pre Il Looping angle	paration	Intention Tumou	ur obstruction	
Appearance :	Normal →Haemorrhoids	If Normal,	, kindly co	i. Reason for Incomplete	Poor Bowe Tight	bowel pre Il Looping angle	paration	Other	ur obstruction	
Appearance :	Haemorrhoids Stage 1 - No Protru		Stag	i. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II	Poor Bowe Tight	bowel preed Looping angle med	eparation	Other Abnorma	ar obstruction al	
Appearance :	Haemorrhoids		Stag	i. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II ge 2 - Protruding morrhoids, that spo	Procedure Perform	bowel preed Looping angle med	eparation	Intentic Tumou Other Abnorma	ar obstruction	n't be push
Appearance :	Haemorrhoids Stage 1 - No Protru		Stag	i. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II ge 2 - Protruding morrhoids, that spo	Procedure Perform	bowel present Looping angle med	ding possible to p	Intentic Tumou Other Abnorma	4 - Protruding prrhoids, that ca	n't be push
Appearance :	Stage 1 - No Protru haemorrhoids, yet		Stag	i. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II	Procedure Perform	bowel pre el Looping angle med	ding possible to p	Intentic Tumou Other Abnorma	4 - Protruding orrhoids, that can manually anyr	n't be push
Appearance :	Stage 1 - No Protru haemorrhoids, yet		Stag	i. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II	Procedure Perform	bowel pre el Looping angle med	ding possible to p	Intentic Tumou Other Abnorma	4 - Protruding orrhoids, that can manually anyr	n't be push
Appearance :	Haemorrhoids Stage 1 - No Protru haemorrhoids, yet		Stag	i. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II	Procedure Perform	bowel pre el Looping angle med	ding possible to p	Intentic Tumou Other Abnorma Stage haemc back ir	4 - Protruding orrhoids, that can manually anyr	n't be push
Appearance :	Stage 1 - No Protru haemorrhoids, yet Carcinoma i. Site : * Anus		Stag haer redu	i. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II ge 2 - Protruding norrhoids, that spoce	Poor Bowe Tight Procedure Perform Stag haen back	bowel presel Looping angle med angle med a - Protruporrhoids, presel manually	ding possible to p	Intentic Tumou Other Abnorma Stage haemo back in the control of	4 - Protruding orrhoids, that can manually anyr	n't be push
Appearance :	Stage 1 - No Protru haemorrhoids, yet Carcinoma i. Site : * Anus Rectum	sion of	Stag haer redu	i. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II ii. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II iii. Reason for Incomplete Sec	Poor Bowe Tight Procedure Perform Stag haen back	bowel pre- el Looping angle med e 3 - Protru norrhoids, p manually ding Colo	ding possible to p	Intentic Tumou Other Abnorma Stage haemo back in the control of	4 - Protruding prrhoids, that can manually anyr From Anal Voor site: Anus, ecto-Sigmoid)	n't be push
Appearance :	Stage 1 - No Protru haemorrhoids, yet Carcinoma i. Site : * Anus Rectum Recto-Sigmo	sion of	Stag haer redu	i. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II ge 2 - Protruding norrhoids, that spoce	Poor Bowe Tight Tright Procedure Perform Ascen Caecu Anaste	bowel pre- el Looping angle med e 3 - Protru norrhoids, p manually ding Colo m omosis	ding possible to p	Intentic Tumou Other Abnorma Stage haemo back in the control of	4 - Protruding orrhoids, that can manually anyr From Anal Voor site: Anus, ecto-Sigmoid) cm	n't be push
Appearance :	Stage 1 - No Protru haemorrhoids, yet Carcinoma i. Site: * Rectum Recto-Sigmo iii. Appearance:	sion of	Stage haer redu	i. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II de 2 - Protruding morrhoids, that spoce moid Colon scending Colon psyerse Colon	Poor Bowe Tight Procedure Perform Ascen Caecu Anastr iv. Lumen	bowel presel Looping angle med angle med angle med angle colomic manually ding Colomic colo	ding possible to p	Intentic Tumou Other Abnorma Stage haemo back in the control of	4 - Protruding orrhoids, that can manually anyr From Anal Vor site: Anus, ecto-Sigmoid) cm f lesion:	n't be push nore
Appearance :	Stage 1 - No Protru haemorrhoids, yet Carcinoma i. Site : * Anus Rectum Recto-Sigmo	sion of	Stage haer redu	i. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II ii. Reason for Incomplete complete Section II iii. Reason for Incomplete Sec	Poor Bowe Tight Procedure Perform Ascen Caecu Anastr iv. Lumen Able T	bowel pre- el Looping angle med e 3 - Protru norrhoids, p manually ding Colo m omosis	ding possible to p	Intentic Tumou Other Abnorma Stage haemo back in the control of	4 - Protruding orrhoids, that can manually anyr From Anal Vor site: Anus, ecto-Sigmoid) cm f lesion:	n't be push more

5. Type of Lesions :	■ Polyps → Num of Polyps □ >5
Legions :	Polyp 1
	i. Size of Polyp **
	Anus Rectum Recto Sigmoid Sigmoid Colon Descending Transverse Ascending Caecum
	Descending Transverse Ascending Caecum
	Anastomosis
	iii. Type of Polyp★★ ■ Flat ■ Sessile ■ Pedunculated → ■ Short stalk ■ Long stalk
	iv. NICE Classification Type II Type II
	v. Comment
	Polyp 2 i. Site: ** ii. Size of Polyp **
	Anus Rectum Recto Sigmoid Sigmoid Colon
	Descending Transverse Ascending Caecum
	Anastomosis
	iii. Type of Polyp★★ ■ Flat ■ Sessile ■ Pedunculated → ● Short stalk ● Long stalk
	iv. NICE Classification Type I Type II Type II
	v. Comment
	Polyp 3 i. Site: ** ii. Size of Polyp **
	Anus Rectum Recto Sigmoid Sigmoid Colon
	Descending Transverse Ascending Caecum
	Colon Colon Colon Anastomosis
	iii Type of Polyp
	Flat Sessile Peduliculated Short stalk Long stalk
	iv. NICE Classification Type I Type II Type II
	v. Comment
	Polyp 4
	ii. Size of Polyp **
	Anus Rectum Recto Sigmoid Sigmoid Colon Descending Transverse Ascending Caecum
	Colon Colon
	Anastomosis
	iii. Type of Polyp★★ Flat Sessile Pedunculated → Short stalk Long stalk
	iv. NICE Classification Type I Type II Type II
	v. Comment

Instruction: Where check boxes are provided, check ($\sqrt{}$) one or more boxes. Where radio buttons \bigcirc are Centre: provided, check ($\sqrt{}$) one box only. SECTION I: FINDINGS(continue) 5. Type of Colitis Lesions: i. Site Rectum Aphthous ulcerations Pseudopolyps Continuous involvement <a> Unknown Deep irregular ulcerations Cobblestones Erythema Longitudinal ulcers Nodularity Friability Exudate (pus/ mucopus) Luminal narrowing Granular appearance Attenuation or loss of vascular pattern Stricture formation Superficial ulcerations Mucosal bridging Fistulas Other Specify: Descending Colon Aphthous ulcerations Pseudopolyps Continuous involvement <a> Unknown Deep irregular ulcerations Cobblestones Erythema Longitudinal ulcers Friability **Nodularity** Luminal narrowing Granular appearance Exudate (pus/ mucopus) Attenuation or loss of vascular pattern Stricture formation Superficial ulcerations Mucosal bridging Fistulas Other Specify: Ascending Colon Aphthous ulcerations Pseudopolyps Continuous involvement <a> Unknown Deep irregular ulcerations Cobblestones Erythema Longitudinal ulcers Nodularity Friability Exudate (pus/ mucopus) Luminal narrowing Granular appearance Attenuation or loss of vascular pattern Stricture formation Superficial ulcerations Mucosal bridging Fistulas Other Specify: Terminal Illeum Aphthous ulcerations Pseudopolyps Continuous involvement Unknown Deep irregular ulcerations Cobblestones Erythema Longitudinal ulcers Nodularity Friability Exudate (pus/ mucopus) Luminal narrowing Granular appearance Stricture formation Attenuation or loss of vascular pattern Superficial ulcerations Mucosal bridging Fistulas Other Specify: Sigmoid Aphthous ulcerations Pseudopolyps Continuous involvement Unknown Deep irregular ulcerations Cobblestones Erythema Longitudinal ulcers **Nodularity** Friability Exudate (pus/ mucopus) Luminal narrowing Granular appearance Attenuation or loss of vascular pattern Stricture formation Superficial ulcerations Mucosal bridging Fistulas Other Specify: Transverse Colon Aphthous ulcerations Continuous involvement Pseudopolyps Unknown Deep irregular ulcerations Erythema Cobblestones Longitudinal ulcers Friability Nodularity Exudate (pus/ mucopus) Granular appearance Luminal narrowing Attenuation or loss of vascular pattern Stricture formation Superficial ulcerations Mucosal bridging Fistulas Other Specify: Caecum Aphthous ulcerations Pseudopolyps Continuous involvement Unknown Deep irregular ulcerations Cobblestones Erythema Longitudinal ulcers Nodularity Friability Exudate (pus/ mucopus) Luminal narrowing Granular appearance Attenuation or loss of vascular pattern Stricture formation Superficial ulcerations Mucosal bridging Fistulas Other Specify: Pancolitis Aphthous ulcerations Pseudopolyps Continuous involvement Unknown Deep irregular ulcerations Cobblestones Erythema Friability Longitudinal ulcers Nodularity Exudate (pus/ mucopus) Luminal narrowing Granular appearance Superficial ulcerations Attenuation or loss of vascular pattern Stricture formation

Fistulas

Other Specify:

MALAYSIAN GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) - COLONOSCOPY

Mucosal bridging

5. Type of	ii. Endoscopic impress	ion:						
Lesions :	Ulcerative Colitis(MAYO Endoscopic Subscore(MES))*	0 - Normal or inactive disease	1 - Mild disease	② 2 - Mod dise	learate	3 - Severe disease		
	Crohn's Disease							
	SES-CD Score							
			lleum	Right Colon	Transverse Colon	Left Colon	Rectum	Total
	a. Presence and size	of ulcers(0-3)						
	b. Extent of ulcerated	surface(0-3)						
	c. Extent of affected so	urface(0-3)						
	d. Presence and type narrowings(0-3)	of						
	narrowings(c c)						*SES-CD =	
	Rutegeerts* Classification	 i1- ≤ apl i2a - Le: i2b - ≥ 5 i3 - Difft 	Ulcers with nuse use apthous ile	to ileocolonic a ormal interven	anastomosis(u ning mucosa s ely inflamed m ulcers, nodules	kip area of lar nucosa	ger lesions	
	Others, specify:							
	iii.Comment:							

Office use: AYSIAN GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) - COLONOSCOPY Centre: Instruction: Where check boxes \blacksquare are provided, check $(\sqrt{})$ one or more boxes. Where radio buttons \bigcirc are provided, check $(\sqrt{})$ one box only. **SECTION I: FINDINGS (continue)** 4. Type of Ulcer * Lesions: ii. Site : ** (continue) Anus Sigmoid ☐ Transverse Colon ☐ Caecum ☐ Rectum ☐ Descending Colon ☐ Ascending Colon Terminal Illeum i. Size: ** iii. Number: * <1 cm</p> □ 1-2 cm □ 2 - 5 cm > 5 cm Unknown iv.Comment: Diverticula i. Site : * Sigmoid Transverse Colon Anus Caecum Rectum Terminal Illeum Descending Colon Ascending Colon ii.Comment: Other findings i. Abnormalities * Angioectasias Worms Varix i. Angiodysplasia Melanosis Coli Stricture Unknown ii. Telangiectasia Hemangiomas Others, specify ii.Comment: **General Comment:**

MALAYSIAN	1 G	SAS	STRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) - COLONOSCOPY	Office use	/
Instruction: Where provided, check $()$	che one	eck b	are previous, errotit (1) errotit zenteer 1111ere radio zatterio (1) are	Centre:	
SECTION II : PRO	CEI	DUR	RES PERFORMED		
* Was an addition	nal p	oroc	cedure performed?		
1. Procedures :		Dia	agnostic Procedure		
*	•		⊒ - 1:-7		
		▶	i. Num of specimen(s)		
			ii. Site :*		
			Rectum Descending Colon Ascending Colon Anus Sigmoid Colon Transverse Colon Caecum Anastomotic		ninal Ileum nown/Random colonic
			- Significations and Control of C		
			iii. Reason for biopsy :		
			Histology C&S AFB TB PCR Others, spe	ecify	
			iv.Comment:		
		The	nerapeutic Procedure		
	$\overline{\Box}$		Polypectomy :		
		▶	i. Complete Incomplete ii. Method: *		
			<u> </u>	old Biopsy	Cold Snare
			Unknown		
			iii. Comment :		
			The tracking		
			i. Agent : *	ii. Comi	ment:
			0.01% Adrenaline Histoacryl Glue Others Unknown		
			Banding :		
					
			i. Lesion site : * ii.Comment:		
			Unknown		
			Argon Plasma Coagulation :		
		▶	i.Comment:		
			Laser Therapy : i.Comment:		
		-	i.comment.		
			Thermal Therapy / Heater Probe :		
		l I .	i.Comment:		
		▶	i.Comment:		
			Stenting		
			Type		
			© Covered © Uncovered © Others		
			i.Comment:		
			Endoscopic Mucosal Resection (EMR)		_
			i.Comment:		
			Endoconia Submusecal Disposition (ESD)		
			Endoscopic Submucosal Dissection (ESD) i.Comment:		
			Full Thickness Resection Other procedures :		
			i.Comment: i.Comment:		

SECTION III : IMMEDIATE	COMPLICATIONS
1. Were there any complications?	
*	lack lack lack
	■ Bleeding ■ Perforation ■ Death ■ Others, specify: ■ Unknown
2. Comment:	
SECTION IV : DIAGNOSIS	
1. Diagnosis :	i. Endoscopic Diagnosis :
	ii. Management Plan :

Finalized Version 2.11 Last updated 16/01/2023

Page 21 of 31

MAL	AYSIAN GASTRO-IN ENDOSCOPIC UL				SIR) -	Office use): 	/	
Instruction: Where characteristics of the provided, check $()$ or	neck boxes are provided, che				uttons (are	Gentre.			
* i) Name of Endoscopis	t:		ii)	Name of Superviso	or:				
* iii) Department :	Medical Sur	gery	Others, spec	cify					
*iv) Time of procedure ((hh:mm) i.Start time:]:		ii.Stop time:		iii.	Ouration:	Autoca	ılc.
* v) Urgency	Elective	gency	* ivi) Timing	O (Office hours	Out	t of office hours	
SECTION I									
*1. Site	Upper GI Lower	GI 🔳 I	Unknown						
*2. Type of Scope	Linear Radial		Miniprobe	Unknowr	1				
*3. Findings			-						
4. Procedures	Tissue Acquisition	FNA	● FNB	① Othe	ers, specif				
	Tiodae / toquiotilon	Needle	① 19 G	② 22 G		25 G	◯ Tr	u Cut	1
		Site							1
		Comment							1
	Cyst Drainage	Plastic s	tent 🔳 Lu	umen apposing r	metallic stent (LAMS)			
		Number	Single	Multip	ole				
			If single	Size	① fr	⊚ mm	Length	cm	
			If multiple	Stent 1 - Size		⊚ mm	Length		
				Stent 2 - Size				cm	
				Stent 2 - Size	o fr	⊚ mm	Length	cm	
				Stent 3 - Size	① fr	mm	Length	cm	
		Comment							İ
	Billary Drainage	Choledoo (CDS)	cho-duodend	stomy He	patico-gastros	tomy (HGS	■ Gall	bladder drainag	je
		Plastic st	ent	■ Me	tallic stent			en apposing allic stent (LAMS	S)
		Number	Single	Multip	ole				
			If single	Size	① fr	⊚ mm	Length		
			If multiple			<u> </u>		cm	
			manapic	Stent 1 - Size	fr	⊚ mm	Length	cm	
				Stent 2 - Size	① fr	$\ \ \bigcirc mm$	Length	cm	
				Stent 3 - Size	⊚ fr	⊚ mm	Length	cm	
		Comment							
	Radio-frequency ablation	Comment							
	Gastro-enterostom	Comment							
	Coeliac plexus neurolysis	Comment							
	Others	Comment							
	DIATE COMPLICATIONS								
 Were there *any complications 	Yes ⊚ No → Kin	dly complete Se	ection III Diagn	osis					
	■ Bleeding ■ Perf	oration	Death	Others, spec	ify:			Unkno	own
2. Comment:					<u>*</u>				
	NOSIS								
SECTION III : DIAGN 1. Diagnosis :		o · [
*	i. Endoscopic Diagnosi	S .							

ii. Management Plan:

MALAYS	IAN GASTRO-INTE		ISTRY (MGIF		e:/
Instruction: Where check be provided, check ($$) one box	oxes are provided, check (METRY /) one or more boxes	. Where radio butto	ns are	
* i) Name of Endoscopist :		ii)	Name of Supervisor :		
* iii) Department :	Medical Surgery	Others, spe	cify		
*iv) Time of procedure (hh:mm)	i.Start time:		ii.Stop time:	: iii.I	Duration : Autocalc.
* v) Urgency	Elective	y * iv	i) Timing	Office hours	Out of office hours
SECTION I					
3. Indication :					
4. Procedure * Performed :	ectal Manometry 🔳 Esoph	ageal Manometry	Others, specify:		
5. Findings : Unkr	nown				
SECTION II : DIAGNOSIS					
1. Diagnosis :	i. Endoscopic Diagnosis :				
	ii. Management Plan :				

MALAYSIAN GAST	RO-INTESTINAL REGI 24H pH Study	STRY (MGIR) -	Office use:	/
Instruction: Where check boxes \blacksquare are proviprovided, check $()$ one box only.		Where radio buttons are	Centre:	
* i) Name of Endoscopist :	1 (ii	Name of Supervisor :		
* iii) Department :	Surgery Others, species	fy		
*iv) Time of procedure (hh:mm) i.Start time:	: ii	.Stop time:	iii.Duration :	Autocalc.
* v) Urgency	Emergency * ivi)	Timing	Office hours O	ut of office hours
SECTION I				
3. Indication :				
4. Procedure * Performed : Others, specify:				
5. Findings : Unknown *				
SECTION II : DIAGNOSIS				
1. Diagnosis : i. Endoscopic *	Diagnosis :			
ii. Managemer	nt Plan :			

MALA		ESTINAL REGISTRY		
Instruction: Where chec		ENDOSCOPY (√) one or more boxes. Where	Centre:	
provided, check $()$ one		(v) one of more boxes. Where	Tadio buttoris are	
* i) Name of Endoscopist :		ii) Name of	Supervisor:	
* iii) Department :	Medical Surge	ry Others, specify		
*iv) Time of procedure (hh	:mm) i.Start time:	ii.Stop tim	e: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	iii.Duration : Autocalc.
* v) Urgency	Elective	ncy * vi) Timing	Office hou	Out of office hours
SECTION I				
1. Type of Capsule Used *	Patency capsule	Video capsule endoscop	ру	
2. Capsule endoscopy company				
3. Pre-recording and bowel preparation			Endoscopic delivery to duoden	num 🔲 PEG
4. Bubble Score (Degree obscuration by bubbles, debris and)	No obscuration Mile (< 5%)	d obscuration (5-25%)		evere obscuration
5. Extent of Examination	compicted:	Yes Furthest identif No Esophagus	ication anatomic site Duodenum Je	junum
	Time of Ingestion	Time of first gas	tric view :	Total battery time
	Time of first colonic view	: Time of first duo view	denal :	Total small bowel time
6. Was there any abnormal findings	Normal Abnorma	al		
7. Findings				
	Angioectasia	Varices	Erosions	Apthous Ulcers
	Active bleeding	Comment:	Comment:	Comment:
	Not bleeding	Ulcers	Villous Atrophy	Tumour
	Comment:	Comment:	Comment:	Comment:
	Diverticulum	Mucosal Infiltration		
	Comment:	Comment:		
	Gastrointestinal bleeding	Active bleeding lesion ide	entified Active bleeding le blood clots seen	sion not identify,but blood /
	■ Polyps		Adenomatous Malign	

7. Findings (cont)	Suspected Crohn's Disease	9		
		Descriptor or Number	Longitudinal Extent	Descriptor
	Villous appearance (worst-affected tertile)	Normal (0) Edematous (1)	Short Segment (8) Long Segment (12) Whole Tertile (20)	Single (1) Patchy (14) Diffuse (17)
	Ulcers (Worst-affected tertile)	None (0)Single (3)Few (5)Multiple (10)	Short Segment (5) Long Segment (10) Whole Tertile (15)	 <1/4 (9) 1/4-1/2 (12) >1/2 (18)
	Stenosis (whole study)	None (0)Single (14)Multiple (20)	Ulcerated (24) Non-ulcerated (2)	 Traversed (7) Not Traversed (10)
	Total Lewis Score			
	Suspected Coeliac Disease)		
	Normal Mucosa	Absent villous pattern	Ulceration	Partial villi atrophy
	Scalloping Others:	Mosaic pattern	Micronodularity	Flattened of the fold
8. Site of main lesion	Total small bowel percentage	% Duration from first duodenal view	hour min Co	omment
9. Visualized oesophagus stomach and colon	Normal Abnorma	1		
10. Capsule passed out	<24 Hours 24-48 Hours	ours	>14 days Unsure	
SECTION II : Immedia 1. Were there any complications? *	○ Yes ○ No →	Kindly complete Diagnosis Small bowel obstruction	Perforation Aspiration	Others:
2. Comment				
SECTION III : DIAGNO	SIS			
1. Diagnosis *	i. Endoscopic Diagnosis :			
	ii. Management Plan :			

MALA	YSIAN GAST			EGISTRY	(MGIR) -		Office use:	/	
la atmostica a Mila ana		ENTERO		- h \\\	an and a booth a		Centre:		
provided, check $()$	check boxes are pone box only.	provided, check (√) one or mor	e boxes. Whei	re radio buttoi	ns are			
* i) Name of Endosco	pist :			ii) Name o	of Supervisor :				
* iii) Department :	Medic	cal Surgery	Otl	ners, specify					
*iv) Time of procedur	re (hh:mm) i.Start tim	ne:		ii.Stop t	ime:	- : -	iii.Dura	tion : Auto	calc.
* v) Urgency	Elective	e	су	* ivi) Timing]	Off	fice hours	Out of office hours	
SECTION I : FIND	INGS	-							
1. Indication :									
2.Type of Endoscope :	i. Model :			ii. So	erial No :				
3. Procedure Performed :	Push enteroscop		overtube out overtube		e balloon ente le balloon ent		_	and enteroscopy teroscopy	
	Others, specify:								
4. Colonic Preparation :	PEG	Sodi	um Phosphate	e None		Others, spec	ify:		
5. Procedure Approach :	Antegrade enter	. ,	_	gh enteroscopy		Others,	specify:		
6. Bowel	Retrograde ente			ole enteroscopy	•				
Preparation		minimal solid st	,	_	•			re cleared with difficu	• ,
	Good (no or mir of fluid requiring	nimal solid stool v ; ?)	with large and	ount O Po	or (solia or se	emisolia aeb	ris that canno	ot be effectively cleare	∋ a)
7. Extent of			i. Pylorus :	ii. II	leocecal valve	e : iii. St	toma :		
enteroscopy :	a. Estimated dista	nce from (cm):							
	b. Marker left at the		None	■ Ink	(Hae	mocli		
	c.Segment of sma		Duoden	um 🔳 Prox	kimal Jejunu	■ Mid/	distal Jejunu	m 🔳 Ileum	
	d.Comment :								
8. General Appearance :	○ Normal → If	Normal, kindly com	plete Procedure	s Performe		○ Abn	ormal		
9. Type of	a. Abnormal bloc	od vessels							
lesion :	i.Stigma of	Actively ble	edina		Recent b	oleedina		No bleeding	
	bleeding : ii.Location :	0 44 7 44	<u> </u>	i. Pylorus			ecal valve :	iii. Stoma :	
		a. Estimated dis	tance from (c						
		b.Segment of sr	mall bowel :	Duodenu	m [Proximal	Jejunum	Others:	
				Mid/dista	l Jejunum [Ileum			
	iii.Type of lesion :	Ulcer		Varix		Tumor		Angioecstasis	s
		Diverticulur	n 🔳	Arterio-venous	malformation	n 🔳 Oth	ers:		
	iv.Comment :								
	b. Ulcer(s)	4							
	i.Number of ulcer :	Active		(M	lultiple >= 2				
	ii.Appearance:	Benign		○ M	lalignant		O Una	sure	
	ii.Location :			i. Pyloru	s:	ii. Illeoce	ecal valve :	iii. Stoma :	
		a. Estimated dis	,	,					
		S.Oogmont or Si	nan bower.	■ Duodenu		Proximal	Jejunum	Others:	
				Mıd/dista	l Jejunum	Ileum			
	iv.Comment :								

MALAYSIAN GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) ENTEROSCOPY

Office use:	/	
Centre:		

Instruction: Where check boxes \blacksquare are provided, check ($\sqrt{}$) one or more boxes. Where radio buttons \bigcirc are provided, check ($\sqrt{}$) one box only.

FIN	DINION (OCUTIVE							
_	DINGS (CONTIN	UE)						
	c. Stricture							
	i.Appearance:		Benign		Malignan	ıt	0	Unsure
	ii. Lumen:		Able to pass scope	e (fill	the length of stricture))	Unable to pas	s scope
	iii.Length of stric	cture:		ì	,			•
	_			cm				
	iv.Location:	a Fs	timated distance from (cr	m) .	i. Pylorus :		ii. Illeocecal valve :	iii. Stoma :
			gment of small bowel :		Duodenum		Description of Jointon	Oth area
		D.00	gritorit of ornali bower.				Proximal Jejunum	Others:
	v.Comment :				Mid/distal Jejunum		lleum	
	v.Comment.							
	d. Polyp(s)							
	i.Number of poly	yp(s):	Single		Multiple >=	= 2		
	ii.Appearance:		Benign		Malignant		Uns	sure
iii. S	iii. Size of polyp	(s):	< 1 cm		1 - 2 cm		>= 2	2 cm
	iv. Type of polyp	o(s):	Flat		Sessile			lunculated
	v.Location :	<u> </u>			i. Pylorus :		ii. Illeocecal valve :	iii. Stoma :
	v.Location .	a. Es	timated distance from (cr	m) :	i. Fylorus .		ii. iiieocecai vaive .	III. Storiia .
v.Commei		b.Seg	gment of small bowel :		L		Proximal Jejunum	Others:
					Mid/distal Jejunum	_	lleum	
	v.Comment :							
	e. Tumour							
	i.Type of tumour	r:	Benign		Malignant			Unsure
	ii. Lumen:		Able to pass scope	(fill th	ne length of lesion)		Unable to pass	scope
	iii. Appearance:		Polypoidal		Fungating		0	Ulcerating
			Circumferential		Others, sp	ecif		
	iv.Length of lesion	on:		cm				
	v.Location :				i. Pylorus :		ii. Illeocecal valve :	iii. Stoma :
		a. Es	timated distance from (cr					
		b.Seg	ment of small bowel:		Duodenum		Proximal Jejunum	Others:
					Mid/distal Jejunum		lleum	
	vi.Comment :							
		follow	up of small bowel Crohn'	s dise			ii Illaaaaal yaha	iii Ctomo i
	i.Location :	a. Es	timated distance from (cr	n) :	i. Pylorus :		ii. Illeocecal valve :	iii. Stoma :
	ii.Segment of		ı. Duodenum	, -				
ii.Segment of	small bowel :		Provimal leiunum					
			Mid/dictal laiusu					
			:. Mid/distal Jejunu					
	iii.Comment :		:. Mid/distal Jejunu I. Ileum					

		ENTEROSCOPY		Centre:	
	Where check boxes \square are provek ($$) one box only.	vided, check ($$) one or more boxes.	Where radio buttons are		
	FINDINGS (CONTINUE)				
11. Type of lesion :	g. Other findings				
lesion :	Diverticulum	Worms	Others:		
	Suspected infiltrative		ac disease		
	Normal mucosa	Partial villi atrophy	Flattened of the fold	Fissure on or scalloping of the fold	
	Ulceration	Micronocdular pattern	Mosaic pattern	Absent villous pattern and atrophy	
	: PROCEDURES PERFORMI additional procedure perfor		Kindly complete Section IV Complica	ations	
*2.	a. Diagnostic Procedu	▼ re			
Procedure :	1. Fluid Aspiration				
	2. Biopsy				
	i. Site :				
	Duodenum	Proximal jejunum	Middle / distal jejunum	lleum	
	Ulcer edge	Tumour	Stricture		
	ii. Reason for biops	y:			
	Histology	Tuberculosis PCR	○ C & S	AFB	

MALAYSIAN GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) -

Office use:

Others, specify

MALAYSIAN GASTRO-INTESTINAL REGISTRY (MGIR) -Office use: **ENTEROSCOPY** Centre: Instruction: Where check boxes \blacksquare are provided, check ($\sqrt{}$) one or more boxes. Where radio buttons \bigcirc are provided, check ($\sqrt{}$) one box only. **SECTION II: PROCEDURES PERFORMED (Continue)** 2.Procedures: b. Therapeutic Procedure 1. Hemostatic therapies: i. Injection: 0.01% Adrenaline Histoacryl Glue Others Comment: ii. Haemoclip : Type: iii. Argon plasma coagulation (APC) iv. Others: Comment: 2. Polypectomy i..Type: Complete Incomplete Uncertain iii. Method: Cold snare Hot biopsy Hot snare Cold biopsy Others: Piece-Meal Hemoclip applied Saline/other solution prior to polypectomy lift prior to polypectomy iii. Comment: 3. Endoscopic dilatation for stricture i..Dilator: 4. Endoscopic resection ■ 5. Foreign body removal (including retained capsule) 6. Insertion of self-expandable metallic stent (SEMS) **7. Placement of enteral feeding catheters** 8. Biliary route access after Roux-en-Y jejunostomy 9. Others : Therapeutic Procedure Comment: **SECTION IV: IMMEDIATE COMPLICATIONS** 1. Were there * any complications? Bleeding Perforation Cardiorespiratory Death Others, specify: **SECTION V: DIAGNOSIS**

Finalized Version 2.11 Last updated 16/01/2023

i. EndoscopicDiagnosis :ii. ManagementPlan :

1. Diagnosis:

MALAYS	SIAN GASTRO-INTESTINA OTHER PROCED		Centre:				
Instruction: Where check provided, check $()$ one both	boxes \blacksquare are provided, check ($$) one or mox only.	nore boxes. Where radio but	tons are				
* i) Name of Endoscopist :		ii) Name of Supervisor	ii) Name of Supervisor :				
iii) Department : Medical Surgery Others, specify							
*iv) Time of procedure (hh:mr	m) i.Start time:	ii.Stop time:	: iii.Dur	ation: Autocalc.			
* v) Urgency	Elective	* ivi) Timing	Office hours	Out of office hours			
SECTION I							
1. Indication :							
2. Procedure * Performed :	ners, specify:						
3. Findings : Un	known						
SECTION II : DIAGNOSIS							
1. Diagnosis :	i. Endoscopic Diagnosis :	'					
	ii. Management Plan :						